

SWOG

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Policy Memorandum No. 30
Subject: Responsibility for Patient Follow-up
Departments Affected: All

Page 1 of 2 pages
Original Release Date: August 1986
Revision Date: April 2011

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PATIENT FOLLOW-UP

The following policies will be observed by all Group members in regard to follow-up of patients registered to SWOG protocols:

1. All institutional and individual participants in SWOG are responsible for the follow-up of all patients registered by the institution and/or the individual at the institution for as long as the patient remains alive (or for a protocol specified length of time). Follow-up is defined as:

Minimum - The last date the patient was known to be alive, or the date of death.

Optimum - The last date the patient was known to be alive with a clear definition of disease status, including any second tumors, or the date of death.

The commitment to patient follow-up remains regardless of the funding status or membership status within the Group.

2. If a patient is cared for by multiple institutions, the institution credited with registration to the most recent Group study is responsible for follow-up.
3. If an Affiliate institution ceases to be affiliated with the Group, it retains responsibility for the treatment and clinical management of all patients currently receiving treatment and active follow-up, and should provide necessary data forms and follow-up information. The Member institution may, in some cases, be willing to assume responsibility for clinical follow-up once the patient is being seen annually (or less frequently) for study purposes.
4. If an institution changes status (e.g., from Affiliate to CCOP), the new affiliation is the responsible institution for follow-up.
5. If an investigator changes affiliation from one institution to another within the Group and the patient follows, the investigator takes with him or her responsibility for future follow-up of the patient.
6. If an investigator moves from one institution to another within the Group and the patient does not follow the investigator, or an investigator leaves the Group, follow-up responsibility should be transferred to another active investigator at the institution who knowingly accepts such responsibility. If the investigator does not transfer follow-up responsibility to another active investigator within the Group, the follow-up responsibility will fall to the institutional Principal Investigator. In the case of an Affiliate investigator, the Member institution may, in some cases, be willing to assume responsibility for clinical follow-up once the patient is being seen annually (or less frequently) for study purposes.
7. Notification of transfers of the follow-up responsibility must be made in writing to the Statistical Center using the Patient Transfer Form. This form is available on the web (www.swog.org) in the CRA Workbench, under 'Tools of the Trade'.

Page 2 of 2 pages

Subject: Responsibility for Patient Follow-up
Policy Memorandum No. 30

8. If the transfer of follow-up responsibility is made to a new institution, verification of IRB oversight is required. The new institution must have current IRB approval of the protocol prior to accepting a transfer of a new patient that is currently on treatment. Transfer of a patient on long term follow-up may occur prior to IRB approval of the protocol as long as the new institution pursues approval prior to conducting any research activities involving the transfer patient(s). In this case, expedited review of the protocol for follow-up activities only is sufficient. Transfer patients must sign a new consent form and HIPAA authorization at the new institution.
It is our recommendation that accepting institutions receive a copy of the research record(s) from the transferring institution and time permitting, take measures to ensure all outstanding expectations and queries have been resolved prior to signing the transfer form. The transferring site must provide CRFs for resolution of this for any data obtained prior to the acceptance date.
9. If a patient withdraws consent after registration, the institution must determine with the patient whether 1) they no longer wish to be treated per protocol, 2) they no longer wish to be followed per protocol, or 3) *both*. Withdrawing consent to participate in a study does not necessarily mean the patient also withdraws consent to being followed. This distinction must be clearly noted on the Off Treatment Notice or Follow-Up form.
10. If SWOG has made the decision to discontinue follow-up for a given protocol, the study will be added to the "List of Protocols with No Required Follow-Up" available on the CRA Workbench, under "Reports".
11. An institution may identify a patient as "lost to follow-up" if all of the following criteria are met:
 - a) The last contact date for a patient has exceeded two years.
 - b) Since the last contact date, the institution can document at least three telephone attempts to contact the patient and/or a certified letter to the last known address has either been returned, or not answered.

The request to designate a patient 'lost to follow-up' may be made using the "Lost to Follow-Up" form, available on the CRA Workbench, under 'Tools of the Trade'.

NOTE: This policy does not apply to PCPT and SELECT patients, and only applies to studies coordinated by SWOG.