National Coverage Analysis (NCA)

- What is a Clinical Trials Coverage Analysis?
 - A coverage analysis is a review of all tests, procedures, and interventions associated with a clinical trial (CT) to determine which ones are 'billable' and which are 'not billable' to a third party payer against the national guidelines and coverage rules
- Who performs the NCA's?
 - The Clinical Trials Support Unit (CTSU) creates the NCAs for NCTN and NCORP trials
- Why are NCA's performed?
 - NCAs are intended to be a *guide* for the sites as they consider their participation in SWOG trials
 - Sites should still make sure to do their own local coverage analysis (LCA) using their local coverage determinations
- Where can you find NCA's?
 - Once completed, official NCAs are posted on the CTSU dashboard





How Do We Determine What's Billable? CMS NCD for Routine Costs in Clinical Trials (310.1)

- "Routine costs of a clinical trial include all items and services that are otherwise generally available to Medicare beneficiaries (i.e., there exists a benefit category, it is not statutorily excluded, and there is not a national non-coverage decision) that are provided in either the experimental or the control arms of a clinical trial except:
 - The investigational item or service, itself unless otherwise covered outside of the clinical trial;
 - Items and services provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient (e.g., monthly CT scans for a condition usually requiring only a single scan); and
 - Items and services customarily provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for any enrollee in the trial."

https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/details/ncd-details.aspx?NCDId=1&ncdver=2&fromdb=true

What to Look for in an NCA?

- Cost categories
- CPT codes
- Study calendar
- Justification and comments
- Legend





Sample NCA Document

		Ι		1											Off MRI	1	
					Beginning										Surveillan		
			Within	Within	Within	Within 14D	A+ Day 00	At Day 100		At Day 360	At Davi	At Day 540	At Day 620	At Day 720		Follow Up	
		1	1									•		•	ce prior		
			1	1	14D after	after PCI	after	after	At Day 270	after	450 after	after	after	after	to 24	after 24	
Procedure	Sample CPT Codes	random	random	random	random	completion	random	random	after random	random	random	random	random	random	months	months	Justification and Comments
EVALUATION & MANAGEMENT											,						
History and Physical Exam		м					м	М	м	м		М		М	м	М	Physical Exams at workup and during follow up would be considered
Thistory and Physical Exam	-	IVI					IV.	IVI	IVI	IVI		IVI		IVI	IVI	IVI	conventional care to monitor disease/ progression. NCCN guidelines for
																	Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC) v 1.2019 supports H&P follow up Q3 mo
Weight & Performance Status		М															during yrs 1-2, Q6 mo during yr 3, then annually (SCL-6). Medical
	99201-99205,																records must document medical necessity and support level of E&M
	99211-99215,																performed. To be billable, evaluation must be done by a healthcare
Toxicity Notation	G0463				M	М	М										provider (MD, DO, NP) as part of an physical exam.
Administer cognitive function testing	n/a		S				S	S		S		S		S	S		Study paid per funding sheet
Radiation therapy materials submission via																	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
TRIAD for review by IROC Rhode Island	n/a					NB											Would be considered staff time
Quality of Life Questionnaires (see Section	.,,=																
15.4)	n/a				NB		NB	NB	NB	NB				NB	NB		Would be considered staff time
Imaging Submission (see Section 15.2)	11/4				110		NB	NB	110	NB					140		Would be considered staff time
	n/a						140	IND		110					NB	NB	Would be considered staff time
LABORATORY	II/a					 									IND	IND	Would be considered stall time
LABORATORY																	It would be considered conventional care to assess kidney function prior
																	to the use of contrast dye for imaging in patients with a history of
																	cancer/chemotherapy treatment. Medical records must document
Commence the interest of the control																	
Serum creatinine for calculated creatinine																	medical necessity. (Per protocol section 9, testing is to be done within
clearance	82565						M	M	M	M		M		M			14 days prior to each MRI).
																	Would be considered conventional care. *Note per protocol section
																	15.3, the research blood specimen is to be collected only if a SOC
																	blood draw is scheduled. If the patient does not have a standard of
	36415, 36951,																care blood drawn at a research blood specimen time point, do not
venipuncture	36952			M*			M	M	M	M	M*	М	M*	М			collect the research sample .
SPECIMENS																	
\downarrow																	Sponsor paid per ICF and funding sheet. *Note per protocol section
																	15.3, the research blood specimen is to be collected only if a SOC
																	blood draw is scheduled. If the patient does not have a standard of
	36415, 36951,																care blood drawn at a research blood specimen time point, do not
blood specimen submission	36952			S*			S	S	s	s	S*	S	S*	S	S		collect the research sample.
	*																

Legend

NB = Non-billable item

RC = Routine cost for a QCT and billable to Medicare/government payer/commercial payers

S = Sponsor paid/provided per study funding sheet

M = Billable as conventional care in a non QCT or in a clinical trial that does need to qualify for coverage





Questions on NCAs?

- Visit the CTSU website to view active study NCAs and funding memos
- Email funding@swog.org with questions



